IN THE CLAIMS:

1. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A stent for insertion into a corporeal vessel, comprising:

a <u>an expandable</u> stent body having proximal and distal ends and an outer surface, and

at least one longitudinal projection external to said stent outer surface, wherein each longitudinal projection acts as a rail to reduce the contact area between the stent and the vessel wall during insertion of the stent.

- 2. (ORIGINAL) The stent of Claim 1 which has a generally circular cross-section.
- 3. (ORIGINAL) The stent of Claim 1, wherein at least one longitudinal projection extends from a point at or adjacent to the distal end of the stent to a point at or adjacent to the proximal end of the stent.
- 4. (ORIGINAL) The device of Claim 1, wherein the stent includes at least three longitudinal projections.
- 5. (ORIGINAL) The device of Claim 4, wherein said at least three projections are equidistantly spaced around the circumference of the stent.
- 6. (ORIGINAL) The device of Claim 1, wherein the distal end of each longitudinal projection is tapered.
- 7. (ORIGINAL) The device of Claim 1, wherein after the stent is inserted into the vessel, the stent is expanded by balloon inflation.

- 8. (ORIGINAL) The device of Claim 1, wherein after the stent is inserted into the vessel, the stent is expanded by shape memory.
- 9. (ORIGINAL) The device of Claim 1, wherein after the stent is inserted into the vessel, the stent is expanded by self-expansion.
- 10. (ORIGINAL) The device of Claim 1, wherein at least one longitudinal projection acts as a stress concentrator, such that for a given stent expansion force the stresses at a portion of a stenosis in contact with the longitudinal projection is greatly magnified, allowing the stenosis to expand at lower pressures than if the projection were not present.
- 11. (ORIGINAL) The stent of Claim 1, wherein at least one longitudinal projection has a circular, trapezoidal, or triangular cross-section.
- 12. (ORIGINAL) The stent of Claim 1, wherein at least one longitudinal projection is formed integral with the stent wall surface.
- 13. (ORIGINAL) The stent of Claim 1, wherein at least one longitudinal projection is attached to the stent wall surface.
- 14. (ORIGINAL) The stent of Claim 1, wherein at least one longitudinal projection is flexible.
- 15. (ORIGINAL) The stent of Claim 1, wherein at least one longitudinal projection has a helical configuration.
- 16. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A stent for insertion into a corporeal vessel, comprising:
- a <u>an expandable</u> stent body having proximal and distal ends on an outer surface, and



at least three projections external to said stent outer surface,

wherein each projection acts as a rail to reduce the contact area between the stent and the vessel wall.

- 17. (ORIGINAL) The stent of Claim 16 which has a generally circular cross-section.
- 18. (ORIGINAL) The stent of Claim 16, wherein at least one projection is longitudinal.
- 19. (ORIGINAL) The stent of Claim 18, wherein at least one longitudinal projection extends from a point at or adjacent to the distal end of the stent to a point at or adjacent to the proximal end of the stent.
- 20. (ORIGINAL) The stent of Claim 18, wherein the stent includes at least three longitudinal projections.
- 21. (ORIGINAL) The stent of Claim 16, wherein said at least three projections are equidistantly spaced around the circumference of the stent.
- 22. (ORIGINAL) The stent of Claim 18, wherein the distal end of each longitudinal projection is tapered.
- 23. (ORIGINAL) The stent of Claim 16, wherein after the stent is inserted into the vessel, the stent is expanded by balloon inflation.
- 24. (ORIGINAL) The stent of Claim 16, wherein after the stent is inserted into the vessel, the stent is expanded by shape memory.
- 25. (ORIGINAL) The stent of Claim 16, wherein after the stent is inserted into the vessel, the stent is expanded by self-expansion.



- 26. (ORIGINAL) The stent of Claim 18, wherein each longitudinal projection acts as a stress concentrator, such that for a given stent expansion force the stresses at a portion of a stenosis in contact with the longitudinal projection is greatly magnified, allowing the stenosis to expand at lower pressures than if the projection were not present.
- 27. (ORIGINAL) The stent of Claim 18, wherein each longitudinal projection has a circular, trapezoidal, or triangular cross-section.
- 28. (ORIGINAL) The stent of Claim 16, wherein at least one projection is formed integral with the stent wall surface.
- 29. (ORIGINAL) The stent of Claim 16, wherein at least one projection is attached to the stent wall surface.
- 30. (ORIGINAL) The stent of Claim 1, wherein at least one projection is flexible.
- 31. (ORIGINAL) The stent of Claim 1, wherein at least one projection has a helical configuration.
- 32. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A method of magnifying stresses at a portion of a stenosis in contact with a <u>an expandable</u> stent includes a distal end and a proximal end having a circular cross-section, the method comprising the steps of limiting the initial contact area between a vessel wall and the stent to at least one projection, said projection being external to the surface of the stent and acting as a stress concentrator such that for a given stent expansion force, the stresses at a portion of a stenosis in contact with said projection are greatly magnified, allowing the stenosis to expand at lower pressures than if said at least one projection were not present.
- 33. (ORIGINAL) The method of Claim 32, wherein at least one projection extends from the distal to the proximal end of said stent.



- 34. (ORIGINAL) The method of Claim 32, wherein there are at least two projections equidistantly spaced around the circumference of the stent.
- 35. (ORIGINAL) The method of Claim 32, wherein each projection is tapered at the distal end of facilitate crossing an undilated stenotic segment.
- 36. (ORIGINAL) The method of Claim 32, wherein the stent comprises at least one longitudinal projection.
- 37. (ORIGINAL) The method of Claim 36, wherein the stent comprises three longitudinal projections.